NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION

Ames Research Center Intelligent Systems Division Moffett Field, California 94035-1000

DRAFT STATEMENT OF WORK For INTELLIGENT SYSTEMS RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT SUPPORT (ISRDS)

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

The Intelligent Systems Division (hereafter, referred to as Code TI or the Division) is part of the Exploration Technology Directorate (Code T) at the NASA Ames Research Center. Code TI conducts scientific research, develops technologies, builds applications, and infuses and deploys advanced information systems technology into NASA missions and other federal government projects. This procurement is for research, development and infusion support services to assist that effort.

The Division is a major contributor to enabling technology research and development of NASA's programs in Aeronautics Research Mission Directorate (ARMD), Exploration Systems Mission Directorate (ESMD), Science Mission Directorate (SMD), and Space Operations Mission Directorate (SOMD). Programs supported by the Division include ESMD's Robotics, Operations and Supportability, ESMD's Constellation, ESMD's Exploration Technology Demonstration Program (ETDP), ARMD's Aviation Safety and Fundamental Aeronautics programs, SOMD's ISS Training system, SMD's Landsat data and mission operations and the Center's Small Sat Research projects.

Laboratories are operated by Code TI for many of the scientific and engineering disciplines under the purview of the Division. Code TI maintains strong relationships with other U.S. government agencies, industrial organizations, and academic partners for the purposes of joint research and rapid technology transfer.

Code TI is composed of technology-based groups, each with expertise to support the above-listed Mission Directorates. The technologies currently emphasized are described in section 2.3 of the Scope of Work that follows. Projects are described in section 2.4 of the Scope of Work and may require participation across multiple technical groups.

The requirements to be performed is described in the following sections. Consequently, the contractor may be required to perform at locations other than Ames Research Center pursuant to Section F of the RFP.

Definitions

- Al: Artificial Intelligence.
- ARC: NASA's Ames Research Center, Moffett Field, California
- ARMD: Aeronautics Research Mission Directorate

- CO: Contracting Officer, the primary point of contact between the contractor and the Government
- COTR: The Contracting Officer's Technical Representative, charged with providing the CO with technical information and assessments about the contract
- CSO: Computer Security Official
- CTOs: Contract Task Orders.
- DOD: Department of Defense
- ESMD: Exploration Systems Mission Directorate
- ETDP: Exploration Technology Demonstration Program
- GFE: Government Furnished Equipment
- IMS: Inductive Monitoring System
- ISRDS: Intelligent Systems Research and Development Support
- IT: Information Technology
- ITRDO: Information Technology Research, Development, and Operations
- LCROSS: Lunar CRater Observation and Sensing Satellite
- MOD: Mission Operations Directorate
- MOS: Mission Operations Systems
- NASA: National Aeronautics and Space Administration
- POC: Point of contact the designated contact person
- SACE: Solar Array Constraint Engine
- SMD: Science Mission Directorate
- SOMD: Space Operations Mission Directorate
- SOW: Statement of Work
- SSO: Small Spacecraft Office
- STAR: Scheduling, Training Administration, and Records
- VSE: Vision for Space Exploration

2.0 SCOPE OF WORK

The Contractor shall provide research support in the following research domains: artificial intelligence (AI), knowledge-based systems, knowledge discovery and data mining, soft computing (including neural networks and fuzzy control methods), nanotechnology information processing and sensors, biologically inspired computer systems and human extensions, prognostic signal analysis, model-based diagnostic reasoning, software fault diagnostic and automated software methodologies, fault-tolerant computing hardware and networking, telepresence and tele-control of remote, mobile platforms, autonomous and adaptive control, integrated design, human-centered computing, system design of a distributed heterogeneous network of workstations, and distribution of research information in various formats and forums.

The following descriptions represent the Government's best effort to project future research support requirements. Due to the Research and Development nature of Code TI's missions, the descriptions should not be regarded as definitive representations of future research support requirements.

The contractor shall be responsible for providing a flexible, responsive, coordinated, and comprehensive research mission services that are adjustable within the framework of a series of individual Contract Task Orders (CTOs). The Government will use a task completion oriented CTO as the vehicle to acquire research and development from the contractor. Task orders will contain defined requirements (such as deliverables, significant milestone dates), negotiated cost and maximum fee, and established performance measurement criteria.

The Contractor shall administer all work to be performed under this contract, and assure the availability of qualified personnel for timely response to negotiated CTOs. Individual task plans shall be negotiated and managed on a per task basis. For each task, technical progress and resource expenditures shall be reported monthly by the Contractor to the Government.

2.1 Contract Management

The Contractor shall provide overall management and administrative functions to ensure that the proper resources are available and allocated, that required reports and documentation are prepared, and that the overall environment supports the research requirements. The Contractor shall perform the following:

- (1) Manage the contract in a fiscally responsible manner, fulfilling all requirements of negotiated CTOs.
- (2) Provide a well-defined, stable organizational structure with clear lines of authority and clearly identified interfaces to the Government.
- (3) Provide secretarial and financial services for their employees.

- (4) Provide staff with previous training in state-of-the-art information technologies.
- (5) Comply with Government policies and regulations including the Ames Management System (AMS) and relevant AMS policies (See Section 3.0)
- (6) Manage the resources allocated by NASA for specific tasks in a manner to ensure research goals are reached in accordance with agreed upon milestones.
- (7) Develop, implement and maintain a discrepancy reporting and tracking system. Discrepancy reports may be issued by the Contractor as well as by NASA regarding technical, resource or financial issues that may prevent meeting milestones or the performance of the task. The system shall assure that all discrepancies are documented and resolved. Discrepancy histories shall be reviewed for indications of systematic or recurring problems for future improvements that require correction.
- (8) Provide a monthly report of the state of all tasks, identifying accomplishments, publications, and major milestones reached as well as problems and concerns over issues that may affect contract performance along with the recommended solutions.
- (9) Provide property management to ensure accountability for installationprovided equipment and facilities and shall be responsible for annual inventory surveys and accountability verification forms.
- (10) Provide the risk management activities that will be used to ensure that the Government has adequate insight into the risks associated with the Contractor's ability to accomplish tasks outlined in any CTO.

2.2 Technical Task Support

It is anticipated that the Contractor staff shall perform the following functions as required on a per task order basis:

- (1) Collaborate and exchange technical information with the Government research staff in order to meet the requirements of each CTO.
- (2) Provide research support on a task-by-task basis, including direct research functions and indirect support such as technical and programmatic reviews.
- (3) Provide short turn-around deliverables for specific project milestones as needed and within the time frame outlined in the approved CTO.
- (4) Support in project and deliverable conformance to relevant standards and practices (configuration management, system integration requirements, etc).
- (5) Support technology infusion/deployment efforts with NASA customers.
- (6) Attend and participate in group and project meetings.
- (7) Present research, work in progress, and results to civil service management and at local and international conferences.
- (8) Support (occasionally short-notice) preparations for demonstrations and presentations of research, work in progress, and results to visitors and technical delegates, including supporting and/or hosting of technical workshops as needed.

- (9) Travel as needed to conferences, field sites, universities, and other agencies in the performance of research, integration of products, technology infusion, and other important demonstration of results.
- (10) Acquire resources (equipment, furnishings, supplies) needed to support the successful completion of all CTO and related work.

2.3 Technology Areas (Core Research)

The Intelligent Systems Division performs core research in four technology areas. As the research matures or as projects require, work from these areas can be matrixed to support a single task, project or program.

Technology Area 1: Autonomous Systems and Robotics (ASR)

The Contractor shall support the missions of the Autonomous Systems groups, consisting principally of three main sub-areas: (a) planning and scheduling, (b) robotics, and (c) control agent architectures.

The Contractor will be involved in research, develop, and deploy automated reasoning methods and decision support methods for autonomous systems. Such work includes enabling the design, construction, simulation, and operation of a new generation of systems that can act autonomously, as well as in support of humans, while achieving more science return at much lower cost than current Autonomous systems require developing autonomous control approaches. (commanded by high-level, goal-directed behaviors) that are programmable through compositional, common-sense models of hardware and operations behavior. Such systems also require developing on-board automation to close the loop on sensor information at the goal level, using advanced planning, scheduling, execution, diagnosis, and recovery capabilities to ensure that goals are met. Autonomous systems must take action to gain information, assess mission risk, plan contingencies, prepare backup resources, redirect plans to reduce risk, learn from their interactions with their environment, and adapt in real-Thus, the Contractor shall perform research and develop distributed coordination and collaboration capabilities that enable autonomous systems to act as teams.

The Contractor shall employ a broad range of Artificial Intelligence (AI) methods such as model-based reasoning and simulation, planning and scheduling, constraint-based reasoning, local and global optimization, decision theory, machine learning, intelligent synthesis, multi-agent coordination, and other innovative or traditional techniques to the missions and tasks. The contractor will provide software development support with state of the art experience in C++, Java and other modern programming languages.

Technology Area 2: Collaborative & Assistant Systems (CAS)

The Contractor shall support the missions of the Collaborative and Assistant Systems groups. The Contractor shall research, develop, and apply methods that provide computer-based support for daily work activities of scientists, engineers, managers, and operational support personnel contributing to major NASA Aeronautics and Space Programs. The Contractor will be involved in research. development and operational sustainment activities that require analysis of work environments, technology needs, and communication patterns. The Contractor shall design and develop advanced collaboration, communication, and performance support systems, and deliver these on conventional and mobile computing platforms. They shall employ and integrate a broad range of technologies including collaborative systems design, groupware, work systems simulation, information indexing and retrieval, intelligent interfaces, adaptive systems, wireless technologies, information visualization, intelligent agents. data/information analysis techniques, knowledge-based systems, and other innovative or traditional approaches. The Contractor shall focus application efforts so as to satisfy mission requirements in major NASA Programs such as Earth Sciences, Space Sciences, Human Exploration and Development of space, Space Operations, Airspace Systems and Aviation Safety and Security.

A recent example of such an application effort was the development of the Semantic Organizer distributed science and engineering support environment, a computer-supported cooperative work application. Such work involves both science and engineering code development, and the specification, design, development, and integration of codes for use by a science and engineering user community. The task thus includes substantial communication and interfacing with a broad range of users in order to understand the needs that drive development requirements, in addition to the development of the hardware and software systems to support the resultant application.

Technology Area 3: Discovery and Systems Health (DaSH)

The Contractor shall support the objectives of the Health Management Systems; ISHM Technology Maturation; Modeling, Learning and Control; and Intelligent Data Understanding groups. Such support shall include research, development, and the application of advanced software technology and methods for enhanced scientific and engineering data analysis, basic and applied knowledge discovery, and reduction of operational and lifecycle costs in major NASA Aeronautics and Exploration Programs. Advanced software technology includes the development of algorithms that support modeling, simulation, diagnosis, prognostics, data mining, analysis and display. Specific support will be in the development and deployment of advanced algorithms, such as model-based diagnosis, prognostic life estimation models, traditional machine learning, learning from partial or incomplete models, Bayesian and other statistical and model-based learning methods.

The Contractor shall be required to apply these model-based and data-driven technologies toward aiding users in extracting a variety of types of information and knowledge from diverse and heterogeneous data-sets, codifying new formal

relations between data that act as partial models, and solving problems of largescale data analysis and optimization.

The main products from this technology area are advanced software tools and applications, applicable to a wide range of internal NASA programs and external activities including aviation security applications with other national agencies and spacecraft applications with other government agencies.

Technology Area 4: Robust Software Engineering (RSE)

The Contractor shall support the objectives of the Robust Software Engineering group. Robust software engineering is focused on the development and infusion of advanced software engineering tools into NASA missions, principally within Constellation and Aeronautics. The area has a long history of developing landmark advances in software engineering tools and case studies on NASA software. The emphasis will be on maturation and adaptation of the tools so they can be incorporated directly into the software development and verification process used in different NASA missions. In order to do this, the tools will need to be adapted to interoperate with specific commercial tools already chosen within targeted NASA projects. For example, Project Orion will use commercial UML/autocoding tools (Kennedy Carter) and Mathworks tools as key parts of the software development chain. Interfacing to these commercial tools is essential in order to have RSE tools for test-case generation, autocode verification, and model analysis adopted by Project Orion.

To support the goals of RSE, contractor shall provide:

- Model Analysis (includes former compositional verification and aspects of previous formal methods)
- Autocode Verification (formerly Program Synthesis)
- Automated verification and validation (V&V).
- Advanced Testing
- Mathematical approaches to program verification
- Software design verification
- Software engineering

The main products expected from both sub-areas are advanced software tools. The Contractor shall report research results in appropriate technical journals, and at conferences and workshops.

2.4 Software Systems Engineering and Software Project Management

In addition to being a fundamental research organization, the Division will also develop and deploy applications to customers at other NASA Centers, other Federal agencies, and industry. These applications are infusions of technology developed through Division research. The focus of this area is to apply standard engineering practices to deliver reliable applications, within schedule, and within budget. Current projects include:

1. The ARC **Small Spacecraft Office** (SSO) develops, launches, and operates small space missions using a low-cost methodology. The objective is to develop missions in less time, at lower cost, and capable of delivering highly useful scientific and technical payloads in order to aid future NASA missions. One of the primary goals is to develop the capability within NASA to have space vehicles that could be deployed faster and cheaper than conventional spacecraft today in order to expand the number of flight opportunities and to take advantage of the latest technologies through shorter development cycles. In order to achieve low cost access to space, we look at alternative launch vehicles, as well as hardware developed under past and current Department of Defense (DoD) investments.

The activities of the Small Spacecraft Office include technology evaluation, proposal development, spacecraft hardware development, and mission implementation and operations. The SSO evaluates technology and processes that can enable low-cost spacecraft development, such as structures, avionics, sensors, flight software, propulsion, integration and testing, and mission operations. These components are used to develop full mission proposals that, if selected, could lead to mission development projects. Current projects include earth orbiting nano- and microspacecraft, as well as deep-space spacecraft bus designs.

- 2. <u>Lunar Crater Observation and Sensing Satellite (LCROSS) Mission Operations Systems (MOS)</u> The LCROSS mission will advance the Vision for Space Exploration (VSE) by identifying water ice at the moon's South Pole. The Division's role is to develop, deploy and operate the LCROSS Mission Operations Center (MOC) as well as the Ground Data System (GDS) which integrates a set of ground software, hardware, facilities and networks that support the development and mission operations.
- 3. <u>Johnson Space Center Mission Operations Directorate (MOD) projects</u>
 - a. Solar Array Constraint Engine (SACE) assists the Power, Heating, Articulation, Lighting and Control (PHALcon) flight controllers to manage the orientation and operation of the new ISS solar arrays.
 - b. Inductive Monitoring System (IMS) monitor and compare the multiple telemetry streams from the ISS control moment gyros to provide decision support.
 - c. Scheduling, Training Administration, and Record (STAR) develops replacement tool suites for the management of training space flight crews and flight controllers as well as the scheduling of heavily constrained resources across mission operations.

In order to successfully support the development and deployment of such projects, expertise will be required in:

(1) system architecture design

- (2) system configuration definition and implementation
- (3) security requirements during the system design
- (4) integration of project systems into the division facility
- (5) development and design of laboratories and testbeds for the various technologies
- (6) network management of infrastructure to support project requirements
- (7) security plan development for systems and projects
- (8) configuration and security control of real time operating systems
- (9) setup and configuration of avionics hardware testbed platforms
- (10) security and customization of embedded operating systems and microkernels

The Contractor shall be responsible for communicating knowledge about Information Technology (IT) to non-technical audiences. The group designs, develops and distributes informational products in a wide variety of output formats including written, graphical, electronic, video, audio, multimedia, and live or static demonstrations.

Contractors working within this group shall perform the following tasks:

- (1) Technical writing and editing
- (2) Web site content development and maintenance
- (3) Technology group interface (for developing project requirements and acquiring data)
- (4) Accomplishment and highlight reports to line and program management
- (5) Compile and update research portfolios for line and program management

3.0 QUALITY ASSURANCE

In support of CTOs issued, the Contractor shall comply with, and be an integral part of the Ames Management System. This includes following applicable Ames' procedures that are subject to audit. The Contractor shall attend relevant training, provided by the Government, as required for all on-site employees. Specific procedures will be indicated on each task order response. These procedures include, but are not limited to, the following AMS documents:

NPD 1280.1	NASA Management Systems
APR 1280.1	Ames Management System (AMS)
NPD 8730.5	NASA Quality Assurance Program Policy

The Ames' Quality System documents can be found at: http://ams.arc.nasa.gov

4.0 DELIVERABLES

Products and services requirements shall be defined in each task order.

5.0 PHASE-IN/PHASE-OUT

<u>Phase-In</u>: The phase-in process shall be accomplished as expeditiously as possible, with a maximum phase-in period of 30 days. The phase-in process shall not adversely impact the work being done by the outgoing contractor. It shall be conducted in a manner consistent with safe operation requirements. The incoming contractor is responsible for providing a qualified contractor staff by the end of the phase-in period.

<u>Phase-Out</u>: Upon completion of this contract, the outgoing contractor is responsible for the orderly transfer of duties and records to the incoming contractor. This should be accomplished in an expeditious manner, consistent with any contract phase-in schedule, while minimally impacting ongoing task orders. The contractor shall submit a phase-out plan no later than 60 days before the end of the contract for Government review and approval.